Engineering BIOPHARM" Operation & Maintenance Air Consumption (8) [13.6] (SCFM) [M3/Hr.] (2) [20.4] Metal Pumps A DOVER COMPANY

Water Discharge Flow Rates

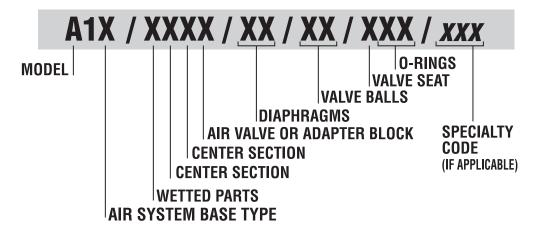
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## WILDEN PUMP DESIGNATION SYSTEM



## **MODEL A1 METAL MATERIAL CODES**

### **AIR SYSTEM BASE TYPE**

B = ADAPTER BLOCK P = PRO-FLO® T = TURBO-FLO™

#### **WETTED PARTS**

H = ALLOY C

S = STAINLESS STEEL

#### **CENTER SECTION**

YY = NYLON

PP = POLYPROPYLENE

LL = ACETAL

#### **AIR VALVE**

A = ALUMINUM (Available for A1T only)

P = POLYPROPYLENE

(Available for A1B and A1P only)

L = ACETAL (Available for A1B

and A1P only)

U = UHMW PE (Available for A1B only)

## **DIAPHRAGMS**

TS = PTFE W/SANIFLEX™ BACK-UP (White)

### **VALVE BALL**

TF = PTFE (White)

#### **VALVE SEAT**

H = ALLOY C

S = STAINLESS STEEL

### **VALVE SEAT O-RING**

TF = PTFE

## **SPECIALTY CODE (AVAILABILITY VARIES BY MODEL.)**

900	BioPharm	911	BioPharm, FDA, Accu-Flo, 24V AC / 12V DC
901	BioPharm, BSP		x-proof coil
902	BioPharm, DIN	912	BioPharm, FDA, Accu-Flo, 110V AC coil
903	BioPharm, FDA (Tri-Clover® flanges & wing nuts)	913	BioPharm, FDA, Accu-Flo, 110V AC x-proof coil
904	BioPharm, USDA (Food Master)	914	BioPharm, Accu-Flo, 24V DC coil
905	BioPharm, 3A (CIP), Wil-Gard 110V	915	BioPharm, Accu-Flo, 24V DC x-proof coil
906	BioPharm, 3A (CIP), Wil-Gard 220V	916	BioPharm, Accu-Flo, 24V AC / 12V DC coil
907	BioPharm, LSH, side ported	917	BioPharm, Accu-Flo, 24V AC / 12V DC x-proof coil
908	BioPharm, FDA, Accu-Flo, 24V DC coil	918	BioPharm, Accu-Flo, 110V AC coil
909	BioPharm, FDA, Accu-Flo, 24V DC x-proof coil	919	BioPharm, Accu-Flo, 110V AC x-proof coil
910	BioPharm, FDA, Accu-Flo, 24V AC / 12V DC coil		

#### NOTE: MOST ELASTOMERIC MATERIALS USE COLORED DOTS FOR IDENTIFICATION.

#### THE THREE ACCU-FLO™ OPTIONS AVAILABLE:

- AxT: This is the same Accu-Flo configuration that has been available from Wilden since March 1994. An aluminum solenoid valve is attached directly to a T-series center section and the shaft/inner piston configuration is altered.
- 2. AXP: This option uses a plastic (polypropylene or acetal) spacer that is assembled between the Pro-Flo® air valve and the Pro-Flo® center section. The same solenoid operator coil assembly that is found on AXT pumps is assembled on the plastic spacer discussed above for electronic interface. This spacer together with the Pro-Flo® air valve replaces the aluminum air valve used in the AXT with a more chemically resistant option. Spacers will be available in the 1/4 in, 1/2 in, and 1-in sizes. The use of the Pro-Flo® ADS provides additional flow in most applications
- (refer to EOM for details). The AxP provides the Pro-Flo® benefits of lower start-up pressure, reduced blow-by, and increased life.
- 3. AxB: This option uses an Adapter Block in place of an air valve. A user supplied, 4-way pneumatic valve must be used in conjunction with this technology. This configuration enables the solenoid valve to be remotely installed, preventing chemical attack in very aggressive environments. Adapter Blocks are available for both the T and P-series center sections in all pump sizes. (See EOM AxB for details.)

Note: The "x" in the above Accu-Flo descriptions are used in place of a pump model size. See Pump Designation System chart above.

## **SECTION 2**

## THE WILDEN PUMP — HOW IT WORKS

The Wilden diaphragm pump is an air-operated, positive displacement, self-priming pump. These drawings show the flow pattern through the pump upon its initial stroke. It is assumed the pump has no fluid in it prior to its initial stroke.

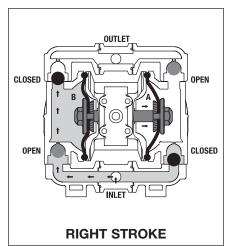


FIGURE 1 When the solenoid is energized, the air valve directs pressure to the back side of diaphragm A. The compressed air is applied directly to the liquid column separated by elastomeric diaphragms. The diaphragm acts as a membrane between the compressed air and the liquid, balancing the load and removing mechanical stress from the diaphragm. The compressed air moves the diaphragm away from the center section of the pump. The opposite diaphragm is pulled in by the shaft connected to the pressurized diaphragm. Diaphragm B is on its suction stroke; air behind the diaphragm has been forced out to the atmosphere through the exhaust port. movement of diaphragm B toward the center section of the pump creates a vacuum within chamber B. Atmospheric pressure forces fluid into the inlet manifold forcing the inlet valve ball off of its seat. Liquid is free to move past the inlet valve ball and fill the liquid chamber (see shaded area).

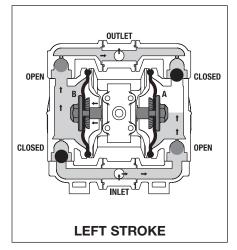


FIGURE 2 When the solenoid valve is deenergized, the air valve redirects pressurized air to the back side of diaphragm B. The pressurized air forces diaphragm B away from the center section while pulling diaphragm A to the center section. Diaphragm B is now on its discharge stroke. Diaphragm B forces the inlet valve ball onto its seat due to the hydraulic forces developed in the liquid chamber and manifold of the pump. These same hydraulic forces lift the discharge valve ball off of its seat, while the opposite discharge valve ball is forced onto its seat, forcing fluid to flow through the pump discharge. movement of diaphragm A toward the center section of the pump creates a vacuum within liquid chamber A. Atmospheric pressure forces fluid into the inlet manifold of the pump. The inlet valve ball is forced off of its seat allowing the fluid being pumped to fill the liquid chamber.

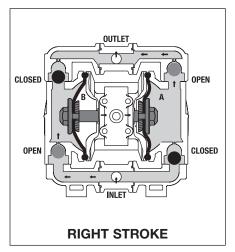


FIGURE 3 Once the solenoid valve is reenergized the air is once again directed to the back side of diaphragm A, which starts diaphragm B on its exhaust stroke. As the pump reaches its original starting point, each diaphragm has gone through one intake and one discharge stroke. This constitutes one complete pumping cycle. The pump may take several cycles to completely prime depending on the conditions of the application.

## **SECTION 3**

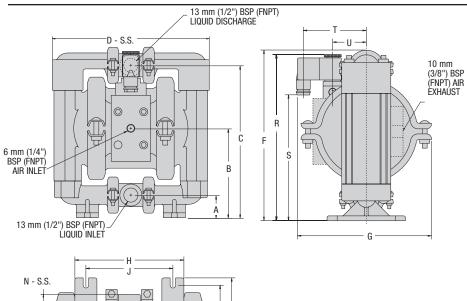
## WILDEN MODEL A1 METAL CAUTIONS - READ FIRST!

- TEMPERATURE LIMITS:
  - Saniflex<sup>TM</sup> -28.9°C to 104.4°C -20°F to 220°F PTFE 4.4°C to 148.9°C 40°F to 300°F
- **CAUTION:** When choosing pump materials, be sure to check the temperature limits for all wetted components.
- **CAUTION:** Maximum temperature limits are based upon mechanical stress only. Certain chemicals will significantly reduce maximum safe operating temperatures. Consult engineering guide for chemical compatibility and temperature limits.
- **CAUTION:** Always wear safety glasses when operating pump. If diaphragm rupture occurs, material being pumped may be forced out air exhaust.
- **WARNING:** Prevention of static sparking If static sparking occurs, fire or explosion could result. Pump, valves, and containers must be properly grounded when handling flammable fluids and whenever discharge of static electricity is a hazard.
- **CAUTION:** Before any maintenance or repair is attempted, the compressed air line to the pump should be disconnected and all air pressure allowed to bleed from pump. Disconnect all intake, discharge and air lines. Drain the pump by turning it upside down and allowing any fluid to flow into a suitable container.

- **CAUTION:** Blow out air line for 10 to 20 seconds before attaching to pump to make sure all pipe line debris is clear. Use an in-line air filter. A 5μ (micron) air filter is recommended.
- **NOTE:** Tighten all fasteners prior to installation. Fittings may loosen during transportation.
- NOTE: When installing PTFE diaphragms, it is important to tighten outer pistons simultaneously (turning in opposite directions) to ensure tight fit.
- NOTE: Before starting disassembly, mark a line from each liquid chamber to its corresponding air chamber. This line will assist in proper alignment during reassembly.
- **CAUTION:** Verify the chemical compatibility of the process and cleaning fluid to the pump's component materials in the Chemical Resistance Guide (see E4).
- **CAUTION:** Only explosion proof (NEMA 7) solenoid valves should be used in areas where explosion proof equipment is required.
- CAUTION: Do not lubricate lube-free pumps.
- **CAUTION:** The A1 pump is not submersible.

## **SECTION 4A**

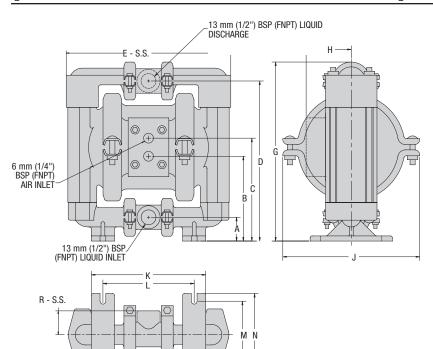
## **DIMENSIONAL DRAWING**WILDEN MODEL A1T METAL ACCU-FLO<sup>TM</sup>



DIM	DIMENSIONS — A1T ACCU-FLO™ METAL				
ITEM	METRIC (mm)	STANDARD (inch)			
Α	29	1.1			
В	109	4.3			
С	198	7.8			
D	203	8.0			
F	222	8.8			
G	175	6.9			
Н	140	5.5			
J 112		4.4			
K	83	3.3			
L	102	4.0			
N	30	1.2			
Р	7	0.3			
R	226	8.9			
S	162	6.4			
T	82	3.2			
U	44	1.8			

## **SECTION 4B**

# **DIMENSIONAL DRAWING**WILDEN MODEL A1B METAL (T-SERIES CENTER SECTION)

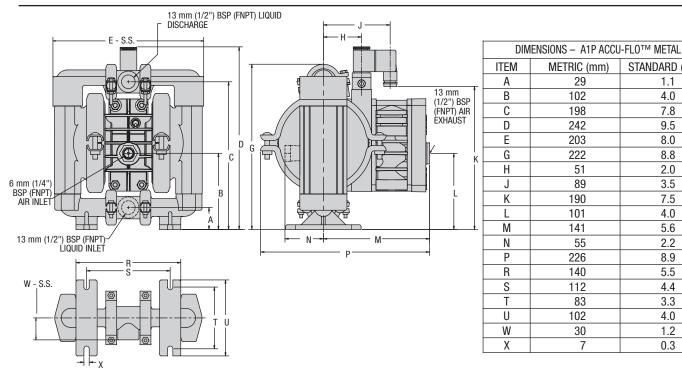


DIMENSIONS — A1B ACCU-FLO™ METAL				
ITEM	METRIC (mm)	STANDARD (inch)		
Α	29	0.1		
В	105	4.1		
С	127	5.0		
D	198	7.8		
E	203	8.0		
G 222		8.8		
H 56		2.2		
J 175		6.9		
K	140	5.5		
L	112	4.4		
М	83	3.3		
N	102	4.0		
R	30	1.2		
S 7		0.3		

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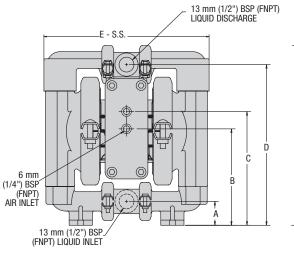
## **SECTION 4C**

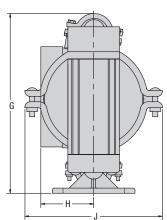
## **DIMENSIONAL DRAWING** WILDEN MODEL A1P METAL ACCU-FLO™



## **SECTION 4D**

## **DIMENSIONAL DRAWING WILDEN MODEL A1B METAL** (P-SERIES CENTER SECTION)





DIMENSIONS — A1B ACCU-FLO METAL				
ITEM	METRIC (mm)	STANDARD (inch)		
Α	29	1.1		
В	118	4.6		
С	138	5.4		
D	198	7.8		
Е	203	8.0		
G	222	8.8		
Н	64	2.5		
J	175	6.9		
K	140	5.5		
L	112	4.4		
M	83	3.3		
N	102	4.0		
Р	7	0.3		
S	30	1.2		

STANDARD (inch)

1.1

4.0

7.8

9.5

8.0

8.8

2.0

3.5

7.5 4.0

5.6

2.2

8.9

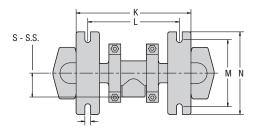
5.5

4.4 3.3

4.0

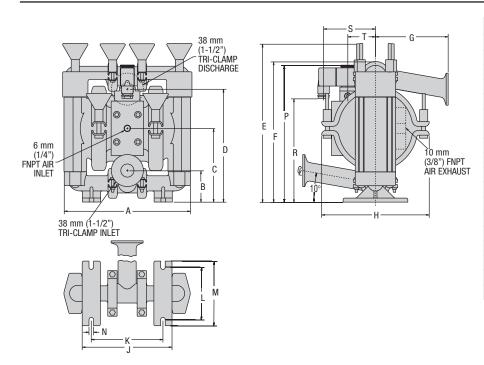
1.2

0.3



## **SECTION 4E**

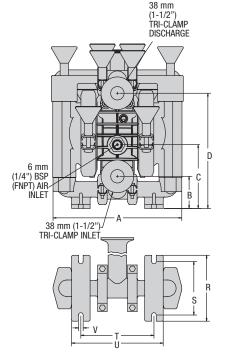
# DIMENSIONAL DRAWING WILDEN MODEL A1T METAL BIOPHARM ACCU-FLOTM

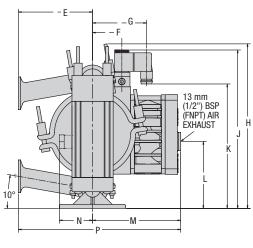


DIMENSIONS — A1T ACCU-FLO™ BIOPHARM				
ITEM METRIC (mm)		STANDARD (inch)		
Α	203	8.0		
В	48	1.9		
С	109	4.3		
D	175	6.9		
Е	254	10.0		
F	222	8.8		
G	114	4.5		
H 175		6.9		
J 140		5.5		
K 112		4.4		
L	83	3.3		
M	102	4.0		
N	7	0.3		
P 226		8.9		
R	162	6.4		
S	82	3.2		
T 44		1.8		

## **SECTION 4F**

# DIMENSIONAL DRAWING WILDEN MODEL A1P METAL BIOPHARM ACCU-FLOTM





DIMENSIONS — A1P ACCU-FLO™ BIOPHARM						
ITEM	METRIC (mm)	STANDARD (inch)				
Α	203	8.0				
В	48	1.9				
С	102	4.0				
D	175	6.9				
Е	114	4.5				
F	44	1.8				
G	82	3.2				
H 254		10.0				
J	226	8.9				
K	162	6.4				
L	101	4.0				
M	141	5.6				
N	55	2.2				
Р	226	8.9				
R	102	4.0				
S	83	3.3				
T	112	4.4				
U	140	5.5				
V	7	0.3				

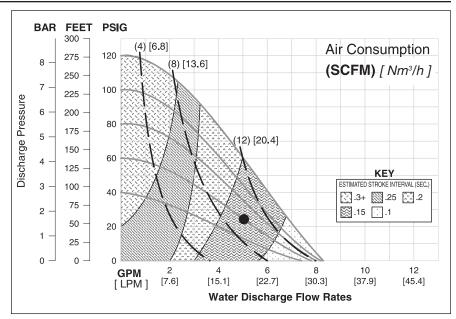
## **SECTION 5A**

## PERFORMANCE CURVES MODEL A1T METAL PTFE-FITTED

Height	222 mm (8.8")
Width	207 mm (8.2")
Depth	175 mm (6.9")
Ship Weight	Stainless Steel 9.2 kg (20 lbs.)
	Alloy C 9.8 kg (22 lbs.)
Air Inlet	6 mm (1/4")
Inlet	13 mm (1/2")
	13 mm (1/2")
Suction Lift	3.5 m Dry (11.3')
	9.3 m Wet (30.6')
Displacement	per
Stroke	
May Flour Dat	04 4 ()

**Example:** To pump 18.9 lpm (5 gpm) against a discharge pressure head of 1.7 bar (25 psig) requires 4.1 bar (60 psig) and 16.2 Nm<sup>3</sup>/h (9.5 scfm) air consumption. (See dot on chart.)

Caution: Do not exceed 8.6 bar (125 psig) air supply pressure.



Flow rates indicated on chart were determined by pumping water.

For optimum life and performance, pumps should be specified so that daily operation parameters will fall in the center of the pump performance curve.

## **SECTION 5B**

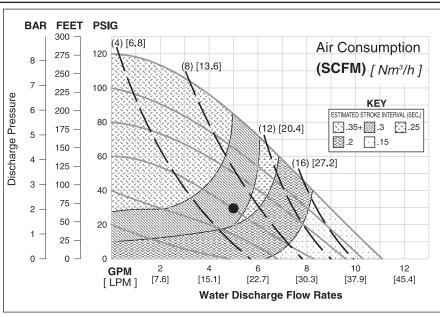
## PERFORMANCE CURVES MODEL A1P METAL PTFE-FITTED

•		, ,
Width	207	mm (8.2")
Depth	226	mm (8.9")
Ship Weight	Stainless Steel 9.2	kg (20 lbs.)
	Alloy C 9.8	kg (22 lbs.)
Air Inlet	6	mm (1/4")
	13	
Outlet	13	mm (1/2")
Suction Lift	5.7 m	Dry (18.7')
	9.2 m	Wet (30.1')
Displacement pe	er	
Stroke		(.024 gal.)1
Max. Flow Rate	42.0 lpm	(11.1 gpm)
Max. Size Solids	1.59 n	nm (1/16")
<sup>1</sup> Displacement per	stroke was calculate	ed at 4.8 bar
	ressure against a 2 l	oar (30 psig)
head pressure.		

Height ......242 mm (9.5")

**Example:** To pump 18.9 lpm (5 gpm) against a discharge pressure head of 2.1 bar (30 psig) requires 4.1 bar (60 psig) and 10.2 Nm³/h (6.0 scfm) air consumption. (See dot on chart.)

Caution: Do not exceed 8.6 bar (125 psig) air supply pressure.



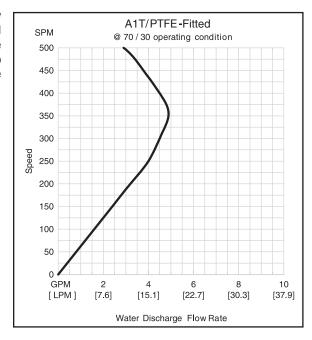
Flow rates indicated on chart were determined by pumping water.

For optimum life and performance, pumps should be specified so that daily operation parameters will fall in the center of the pump performance curve.

## **SECTION 6A**

## 70/30 OPERATING CONDITION MODEL A1T METAL ACCU-FLO<sup>™</sup>

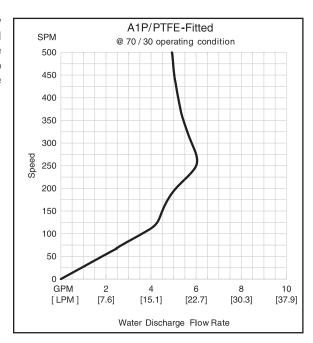
These curves demonstrate the flow created when the stroke rate is modified under static air and fluid pressure condition. This curve can be applied to different pressure conditions to estimate the change in flow due to stroke rate.



## **SECTION 6B**

## 70/30 OPERATING CONDITION MODEL A1P METAL ACCU-FLO™

These curves demonstrate the flow created when the stroke rate is modified under static air and fluid pressure condition. This curve can be applied to different pressure conditions to estimate the change in flow due to stroke rate.



## **SECTION 7A**

## INSTALLATION

All Wilden pumps are manufactured with a variety of materials for the air distribution system, liquid path and elastomers. This variety is offered to satisfy the temperature, chemical compatibility, abrasion and flex life requirements for most applications. Consult manual for available materials and temperature limitations for this pump model.

For Accu-Flo™ models only, all wiring used to operate the pump should be placed and connected according to all applicable electrical codes. It is important that the wiring be of adequate gauge to carry the current required to operate the pump. In addition, it is necessary that the electrical power supply be large enough to supply the current required to operate the pump. Wiring should be above ground level if possible (in case of fluid spill or leakage), and all wiring and connections which could become wet or damp should be made watertight.

The suction pipe used for installation should be sized equal to, or greater than, the pump liquid inlet connection. This will minimize pump cavitation and potential blockages of the pump inlet. The discharge piping should also be sized equal to, or greater than, the pump liquid discharge connection. If the pump is to be used in a self-priming application, be sure that all connections are airtight and that the suction lift is within the pump's ability. (Consult manual for suction lift information.) Note: Materials of construction and elastomer materials have an effect on suction lift parameters.

INSTALLATION: Months of careful planning, study and selection efforts can result in unsatisfactory pump performance if installation details are left to chance.

Premature failure and long term dissatisfaction can be avoided if reasonable care is exercised throughout the installation process.

LOCATION: Noise, safety, and other logistical factors usually dictate that "utility" equipment be situated away from the production floor. Multiple installations with conflicting requirements can result in congested utility areas, leaving few choices for siting additional pumps.

Within the framework of these and other existing conditions, every pump should be located in such a way that key factors are balanced against each other to maximum advantage.

ACCESS: First of all, the location should be accessible. If it is easy to reach the pump, maintenance personnel will have an easier time carrying out routine inspections and adjustments. Should major repairs become necessary, ease of access can play a key role in speeding the repair process and reducing total downtime.

AIR SUPPLY: Every pump location should have an air line large enough to supply the volume of air necessary to achieve the desired pumping rate. (Consult manual for performance information.) The use of an air filter before the pump will ensure that the majority of pipeline contaminants will be eliminated. For best results, the pump should use an air filter, regulator system.

Sound levels are reduced below OSHA specifications using the standard Wilden muffler.

ELEVATION: Selecting a site that is well within the pump's dynamic lift capability will assure that a loss-of-prime condition will be avoided. In addition, pump efficiency can be adversely effected if proper attention is not given to site location.

PIPING: Final determination of the pump site should not be made until the piping problems of each possible location have been evaluated. The impact of current and future installations should be considered ahead of time to make sure that inadvertent restrictions are not created for any remaining sites.

The best choice possible will be a site involving the shortest and straightest hook-up of suction and discharge piping. Unnecessary elbows, bends, and fittings should be avoided. Pipe sizes should be selected so as to keep friction losses within practical limits. All piping should be supported independently of the pump to avoid damage. In addition, the piping should be aligned so as to avoid placing stress on the pump fittings.

Flexible hose can be installed to aid absorbing the forces created by the natural reciprocating action of the pump. If the pump is to be bolted down to a solid location, a mounting pad placed between the pump and the foundation will assist in minimizing pump vibration. Flexible connections between the pump and rigid piping will also assist in minimizing pump vibration. If quick-closing valves are installed at any point in the discharge system, or if pulsation within a system becomes a problem, a Wilden Equalizer surge dampener should be installed to protect the pump, piping and gauges from surges and water hammer. Installation of a tee at the discharge of the pump will allow the addition of an Equalizer to the system at a later date without requiring piping modifications. Installation of inlet and discharge isolation valves are also recommended to make service and repair easier.

Pumps in service with a positive suction head are most efficient when pressure is limited to .4-.7 bar (7-10 psig). Premature diaphragm failure may occur if positive suction exceeds these recommended pressures.

A STRAINER SHOULD BE USED ON THE SUCTION LINE OF THE SYSTEM IF THERE IS A POSSIBILITY THAT SOLIDS ENTERING THE PUMP MAY EXCEED THE PUMP'S SOLIDS HANDLING CAPABILITIES.

PLEASE READ AND FOLLOW ALL CAUTIONS NOTED IN THIS MANUAL.

Pump should be thoroughly flushed before installing into process line.

Blow out air line for 10 to 20 seconds before attaching pump to clear all pipe line debris.

## **SECTION 7B**

## OPERATING PRINCIPLES BEHIND ACCU-FLOTM PUMPS

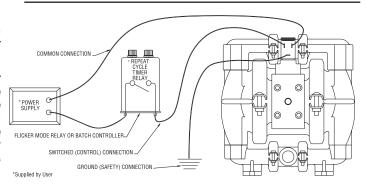
When the solenoid is not powered, one air chamber is pressurized with air, while the opposite chamber is exhausted. When electric power is applied, the solenoid shifts, and the pressurized air chamber is exhausted while the opposite chamber is pressurized. By alternately applying and removing power, the solenoid-operated pump runs like a standard Wilden pump.

The speed of the pump is controlled electrically. Since each stroke is controlled by an electrical signal, the pump is ideal for batching and other electrically controlled dispensing applications.

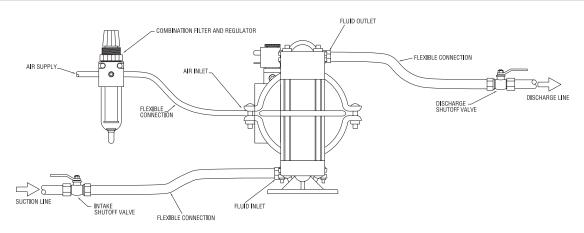
Although the speed of the pump is controlled electrically, the air pressure is important. Air pressure displaces the fluid, and if the pressure is insufficient to complete the physical stroke before an electronic impulse signals the pump to shift, the stroke will not be completed, and the displacement per stroke will be reduced. This does not harm the unit in any way, but it may cause inaccuracy when attempting to batch specific quantities with high precision if this effect is not taken into account.

There are three coil voltage options available. One coil allows for 24V DC operation. The second coil option allows for operation with either 12V DC or 24V AC at 60 Hz and the third coil option allows for 110V AC operation.

### **ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS**



## PLUMBING CONNECTIONS



## SECTION 7C - ACCU-FLO™

## SUGGESTED OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS

A red button on the side of the air valve is a manual override; when actuated it will shift the valve as if an electric current had actuated the solenoid.

The pump will not shift reliably unless the minimum supply pressure is provided. For the A1T, the minimum supply pressure for reliable operation is 2.7 bar (40 psig).

RECORDS: When service is required, a record should be made of all necessary repairs and replacements. Over a period of time, such records can become a valuable tool for predicting and preventing future maintenance problems and unscheduled downtime. In addition, accurate records make it possible to identify pumps that are poorly suited to their applications.

MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTIONS: Since each application is unique, maintenance schedules may be different for every pump. Frequency of use, line pressure, viscosity and abrasiveness of process fluid all effect the parts life of a Wilden pump. Periodic inspections have been found to offer the best means for preventing unscheduled pump downtime. Personnel familiar with the pump's construction and service should be informed of any abnormalities that are detected during operation. Internal maintenance is not recommended for Accu-Flo™ solenoid air valves. When worn or damaged, a new air valve body, coil or terminal connector must be purchased. Please consult Section 9 for part numbers.

## SECTION 7D - ACCU-FLO™ TROUBLESHOOTING

#### Pump will not run.

- 1. Check for pressurized air at the inlet.
- 2. Check air inlet and filter for debris.
- Connect a test lamp to the two wires which run to pump and ensure that the lamp cycles on and off.
- Make sure that the air valve manual override (small red knob on front of valve) is switched to the "0" position.
- Check pilot pressure vent at the top of the operator/coil assembly to ensure that it is not clogged.
- Check for a worn out air valve. If air continually blows out the exhaust in very large quantities, the air valve seals may be worn beyond their ability to function. In this case, the valve must be replaced.

NOTE: Before the valve is scrapped, it is possible that it may be saved by completely disassembling the valve, cleaning all components and relubricating the valve.

#### Pump runs but little or no fluid comes out.

- 1. Check that the discharge isolation valve is not closed.
- Check that the electronic signal is slow enough that the pump is able to complete each physical stroke before it is signaled to change direction. The time required to complete the stroke is determined by a variety of factors which include fluid viscosity and head pressure.
- 3. Check for pump cavitation; slow pump speed down to match the thickness of the material being pumped.
- Check for sticking ball check valves. If the material being pumped is not compatible with the pump elastomers, swelling may occur. Replace ball check valves and o-rings with the proper elastomers.
- 5. Check to make sure that all suction connections are air tight, and that the clamp bands are properly tightened.

#### Pump air passages blocked with ice.

Check for excessive moisture in compressed air line. As the air expands out the exhaust during the operation of the pump, water vapor entrapped in the compressed air can freeze and block the air passageways in the pump. If this occurs, it may be necessary to install a coalescing filter, an air dryer, or a hot air generator for the compressed air.

#### Air bubbles in pump discharge.

- 1. Check for ruptured diaphragm.
- Check tightness of clamp bands, and the integrity of the o-rings, especially at intake manifold.

#### Product comes out of the air exhaust.

- Check for diaphragm rupture.
- 2. Check tightness of piston plates to shaft.

#### Pump rattles.

1. Create false discharge head or suction lift.

#### Solenoid buzzes or solenoid burnout.

1. Incorrect voltage, faulty or dirty solenoid.

## Solenoid valve fails to shift electrically but shifts with manual override.

1. Incorrect voltage, defective coil or wiring.

## Solenoid valve fails to shift electrically or with manual override.

 Inadequate air supply, contamination, inadequate or improper lubrication, mechanical binding in the valve.

#### Valve shifts but fails to return.

1. Broken spring, mechanical binding.

#### Excessive leaking from air valve vent.

1. Worn seals in air valve.

## **SECTION 8A**

## MODEL A1 METAL DIRECTIONS FOR DISASSEMBLY/REASSEMBLY

**CAUTION:** Before any maintenance or repair is attempted, the compressed air line to the pump should be disconnected and all air pressure allowed to bleed from the pump. Disconnect all intake, discharge, and air lines. Drain the pump by turning it upside down and allowing any fluid to flow into a suitable container. Be aware of any hazardous effects of contact with your process fluid.

The Wilden model A1 has a 13 mm (1/2") inlet and outlet. The single-piece center section, consisting of center block and air chambers, is molded of nylon, polypropylene or acetal. All fasteners and hardware are stainless steel. All o-rings used in the pump are of a special material and shore hardness which should only be replaced with factory-supplied parts.

#### **TOOLS REQUIRED:**

5/16" Wrench 3/8" Box Wrench 7/16" Wrench 3/16" Allen Wrench Adjustable Wrench

Vise equipped with soft jaws (such as plywood, plastic or other suitable material)

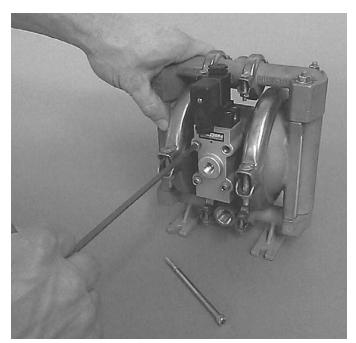
**NOTE:** The model used for these instructions incorporates PTFE diaphragms, balls, and seats. Models with rubber diaphragms, balls and seats are the same except where noted.



### **DISASSEMBLY:**

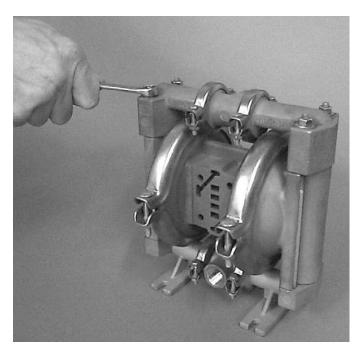
#### Step 1.

Before starting disassembly, mark a line from each liquid chamber to its corresponding air chamber. This line will assist in proper alignment during reassembly. (Figure 1)



Step 2. Figure 2

Using the 3/16" Allen Wrench, remove air valve bolts. Inspect air valve assembly for wear or damage. (Figure 2)

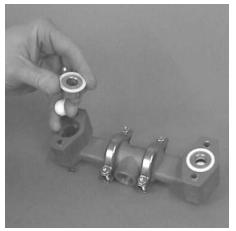


Step 3. Figure 3

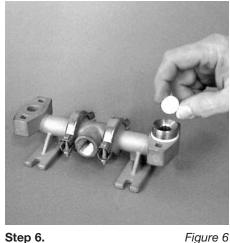
Utilizing the 3/8" box wrench, start by removing the four long carriage bolts that hold the top and bottom manifolds to the center section. (Figure 3)



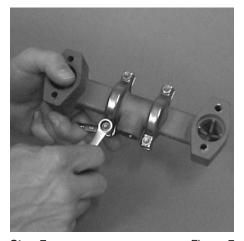
Step 4. Figure 4
Remove the top manifold and lift the center section off the inlet manifold. (Figure 4)



Remove the discharge valve balls, seats and o-rings from the discharge manifold and inspect for nicks, gouges, chemical attack or abrasive wear. Replace worn parts with genuine Wilden parts for reliable performance. (Figure 5)



Remove and inspect the seat, seat o-ring, and valve ball from the bottom of the liquid chamber. Check for nicks, gouges, chemical attack or abrasive wear. Replace worn parts with genuine Wilden parts for reliable performance. (Figure 6)

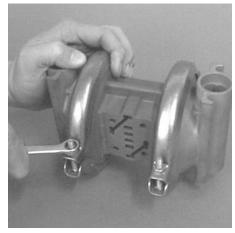


Step 7. Figure 7

Normally the inlet and discharge manifold should not be disassembled during regular pump maintenance. Should this be necessary completely remove and disassemble manifold clamp bands. (Figure 7)



Step 8. Figure 8 Inspect o-rings for wear or damage and replace if necessary. (Figure 8)



Step 9. Figure 9
Use a 7/16" wrench to remove one set of clamp bands that secure one liquid chamber to the one-piece center section. (Figure 9)



Step 10. Figure 10

Lift the liquid chamber away from the center section to expose the diaphragm and outer piston. (Figure 10)



Step 11. Figure 11
Using an adjustable wrench, or by rotating the diaphragm by hand, remove the diaphragm assembly from the center section. (Figure 11)



Step 12A. Figure 12A

**NOTE:** Due to varying torque values, one of the following two situations may occur:

1) The outer piston, diaphragm and inner piston remain attached to the shaft and the entire assembly can be removed from the center section. (*Figure 12A*)



Step 12B. Figure 12B

2) The outer piston, diaphragm, inner piston, and disc spring separate from the shaft which remains connected to the opposite side diaphragm assembly (Figure 12B). PTFE-fitted pumps come standard with back-up diaphragms. **NOTE:** Disc spring not shown on Figure 12B.



Step 13. Figure 13

To remove the diaphragm assembly from the shaft, secure shaft with soft jaws (a vise fitted with plywood or other suitable material) to ensure shaft is not nicked, scratched, or gouged. Using an adjustable wrench, remove diaphragm assembly from shaft. Inspect all parts for wear and replace with genuine Wilden parts if necessary. (Figure 13)

## **SECTION 8B**

## **REASSEMBLY HINTS & TIPS**

#### **ASSEMBLY:**

Upon performing applicable maintenance to the air distribution system, the pump can now be reassembled. Please refer to the disassembly instructions for photos and parts placement. To reassemble the pump, follow the disassembly instructions in reverse order. The air distribution system needs to be assembled first, then the diaphragms and finally the wetted path. Please find the applicable torque specifications on this page. The following tips will assist in the assembly process.

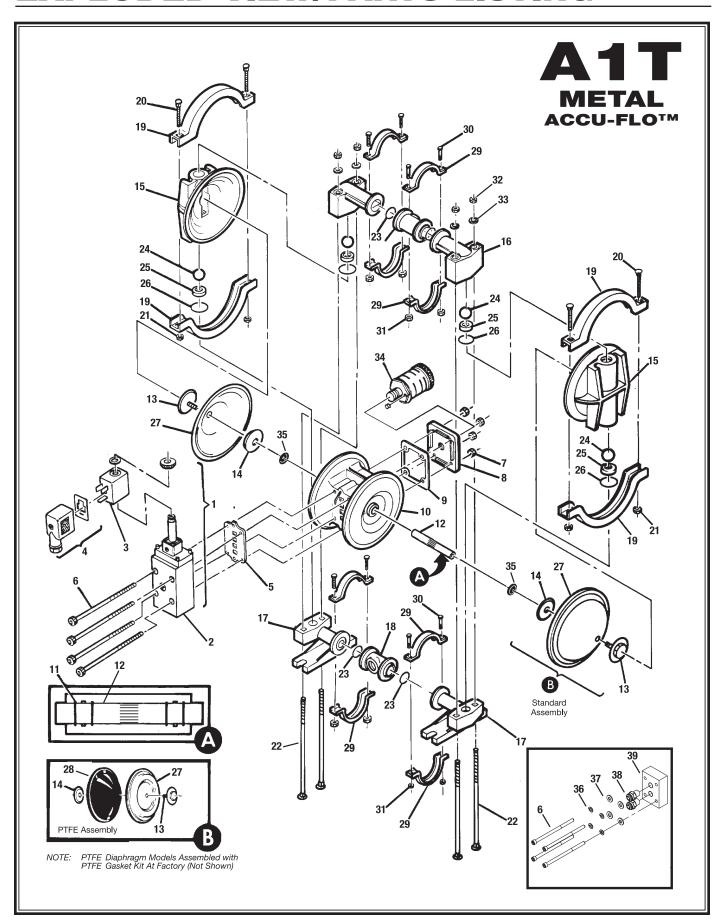
- Clean the inside of the center section shaft bushing to ensure no damage is done to new seals.
- Stainless bolts should be lubed to reduce the possibility of seizing during tightening.
- Level the water chamber side of the intake/discharge manifold to ensure a proper sealing surface. This is most easily accomplished by placing them on a flat surface prior to tightening their clamp bands to the desired torque (see this page for torque specs).
- Be sure to tighten outer pistons simultaneously on PTFE-fitted pumps to ensure proper torque values.

- Ensure proper mating of liquid chambers to manifolds prior to tightening vertical bolts. Overhang should be equal on both sides.
- Apply a small amount of Loctite 242 to the steel bore of the shaft from the diaphragm assembly.

#### **MAXIMUM TORQUE SPECIFICATIONS**

Description of Part	Plastic Pumps
Solenoid Air Valve (Turbo-Flo)	2.3 N•m [20 inlbs.]
Solenoid Air Valve (Pro-Flo®)	3.1 N•m [27 inlbs.]
Adapter Block Air Valve	3.1 N•m [27 inlbs.]
Outer Piston	8.7 N•m [75 inlbs.]
Small Clamp Band	1.7 N•m [15 inlbs.]
Large Clamp Band (PTFE-fitted)	9.6 N•m [85 inlbs.]
Vertical Bolts	14.1 N•m [125 inlbs.]

## **EXPLODED VIEW/PARTS LISTING**



## METAL MODEL A1T ACCU-FLO™ — DC

				PTFE-Fitted		FDA
		Qty.	A1T/ AYYA/914	A1T/ SYYA/914	A1T/ HYYA/914	A1T/ SYYA/908
Item	Part Description	Per Pump	P/N	P/N	P/N	PTFE P/N
1	24 Volt DC Valve Assembly <sup>1</sup>	1	01-2000-99-150	01-2000-99-150	01-2000-99-150	01-2000-99-150
2	Main Valve Body	11	01-2000-01-150	01-2000-01-150	01-2000-01-150	01-2000-01-150
3	24 Volt DC Coil	1	00-2110-99-150	00-2110-99-150	00-2110-99-150	00-2110-99-150
4	Terminal Connector	1	00-2130-99	00-2130-99	00-2130-99	00-2130-99
5	Air Valve Gasket	1	01-2600-52	01-2600-52	01-2600-52	01-2600-52
6	Air Valve Cap Screw	4	01-6000-03	01-6000-03	01-6000-03	01-6000-03
7 8	Air Valve Cap Screw Nut Muffler Plate	<u>4</u> 1	04-6400-03 01-3180-23	04-6400-03 01-3180-23	04-6400-03 01-3180-23	04-6400-03
9	Muffler Plate Gasket	1	01-3500-23	01-3160-23	01-3160-23	01-3180-23 01-3500-52
10	Center Section	1	01-3153-23	01-3500-52	01-3500-52	01-3153-23
11	Center Block Glyd™ Ring	4	01-3220-55	01-3133-23	01-3133-23	01-3133-23
12	Shaft	1	01-3800-03-07	01-3800-03-07	01-3800-03-07	01-3800-03-07
12	Shaft Stud (not shown)	2	N/A	01-6150-03	01-6150-03	01-6150-03
13	Pistons/Outer	2	01-4570-01	01-4570-03	01-4570-04	01-4570-03
14	Pistons/Inner	2	01-3710-01-150	01-3710-01-150	01-3710-01-150	01-3710-01-150
15	Liquid Chamber	2	01-5000-01	01-5000-03	01-5000-04	01-5000-03
16	Discharge Manifold Elbow	2	01-5230-01	01-5230-03	01-5230-04	01-5230-03
17	Inlet Manifold Elbow	2	01-5220-01	01-5220-03	01-5220-04	01-5220-03
18	Manifold "T" Section	2	01-5160-01	01-5160-03	01-5160-04	01-5160-03-70
19	Clamp Band (Large) Assy.	2	01-7300-03	01-7300-03	01-7300-03	01-7300-03
20	Large Clamp Band Bolt	4	01-6070-03	01-6070-03	01-6070-03	01-6070-03
21	Large Clamp Band Nut	4	04-6400-03	04-6400-03	04-6400-03	04-6650-03-70
22	Vertical Bolt	4	01-6080-03	01-6080-03	01-6080-03	01-6080-03
23	Manifold 0-Ring	4	01-1300-55	01-1300-55	01-1300-55	01-1300-55
24	Valve Ball	4	01-1080-55	01-1080-55	01-1080-55	01-1080-55
25	Valve Seat	4	01-1120-01	01-1120-03	01-1120-04	01-1120-03
26	Valve Seat O-Ring	4	01-1200-55	01-1200-55	01-1200-55	01-1200-55
27	Diaphragm	2	01-1010-55	01-1010-55	01-1010-55	01-1010-55
28	Back-up Diaphragm	2	01-1060-56	01-1060-56	01-1060-56	01-1060-56
29	Clamp Band (Small) Assy.	8	01-7100-03	01-7100-03	01-7100-03	01-7100-03
30 31	Small Clamp Band Bolt 1"	<u>8</u>	01-6101-03 01-6400-03	01-6101-03 01-6400-03	01-6101-03 01-6400-03	01-6101-03
32	Small Clamp Band Nut Vertical Bolt Nut	4	04-6400-03	04-6400-03	04-6400-03	01-6400-03 04-6650-03-70
33	Vertical Bolt Washer	4	01-6730-03	01-6730-03	04-6400-03	01-6730-03
34	Muffler	1	01-3510-99	01-8730-03	01-8730-03	01-3510-99
35	Disc Spring	2	01-6802-08	01-6802-08	01-6802-08	01-6802-08
36	Lock Washer	4	50-6760-03	50-6760-03	50-6760-03	50-6760-03
37	Flat Washer	4	01-6730-03	01-6730-03	01-6730-03	01-6730-03
38	Fitting Air Inlet	2	00-2170-20	00-2170-20	00-2170-20	00-2170-20
39	Adapter Block	4	01-2150-XX	01-2150-XX	01-2150-XX	01-2150-XX
40	Vent Plug (not shown)	<u>i</u>	01-7020-17	01-7020-17	01-7020-17	01-7020-17

 $^{\mbox{\tiny 1}}\mbox{Air}$  valve assembly includes items 1, 2 and 3.

NOTE: For pumps fitted with wing nuts and tri-clamp connections please contact factory for exploded view drawing and part numbers.

All boldface items are primary wear parts.

## SOLENOID-OPERATED VALVE ASSEMBLY OPTIONS (CONSISTS OF VALVE BODY, COIL AND CONNECTOR)

Pump Models Designating Specialty Code #		Part Number Description
915	01-2000-99-151	24V AC / 12V DC Valve Assembly
916	01-2000-99-153	24V AC / 12V DC Valve Assembly (NEMA 7)
914	01-2000-99-150	24V DC Valve Assembly
917	01-2000-99-154	24V DC Valve Assembly (NEMA 7)
918	01-2000-99-155	110V AC Valve Assembly
919	01-2000-99-156	110V AC Valve Assembly (NEMA 7)

### ITEM 1 MAIN VALVE BODY OPTIONS

Part Number	Description
01-2000-01-150	Main Valve Body
01-2000-01-154	Main Valve Body (Nema 7)

#### ITEM 2 COIL OPTIONS

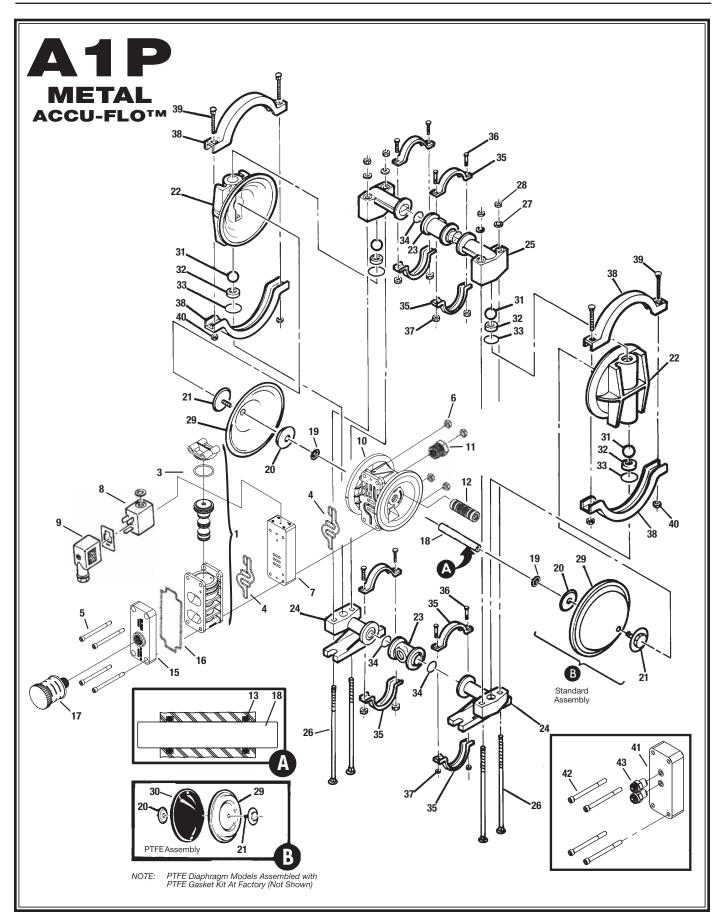
TIENIZ COIL OF HONS		
Pump Models Designating Specialty Code #		Part Number Description
915	00-2110-99-150	24V DC Coil
916	00-2110-99-151	24V AC Coil
914	00-2110-99-153	24V AC, NEMA 7 Coil
917	00-2110-99-154	24V DC, NEMA 7 Coil
918	00-2110-99-155	110V AC Coil
919	00-2110-99-156	110V AC NEMA 7 Coil

<sup>\*\*</sup>International 24V DC Coil is explosion proof per PTB File #EX-91.C.2027

### ADAPTER BLOCK OPTIONS

Part Number	Description
01-2150-32	UHMW PE
01-2150-13	Acetal
01-2150-20	Polypropylene

## **EXPLODED VIEW/PARTS LISTING**



## METAL MODEL A1P ACCU-FLO $^{\text{TM}}$ — DC

			PTFE-Fitted			FDA
		Qty.	A1P/ APPP/914	A1P/ SPPP/914	A1P/ HPPP/914	A1P/ SPPP/908
Item	Part Description	Per Pump	P/N	P/N	P/N	PTFE P/N
1	Pro-Flo® Air Valve Assembly¹	1	01-2010-20	01-2010-20	01-2010-20	01-2010-20
2	End Cap	1	01-2332-20	01-2332-20	01-2332-20	01-2332-20
3	0-Ring, End Cap	1	01-2395-52	01-2395-52	01-2395-52	01-2395-52
4	Gasket, Air Valve	2	01-2615-52	01-2615-52	01-2615-52	01-2615-52
5	Screw, HSHSC, Air Valve 1/4-20	4	01-6000-03	01-6000-03	01-6000-03	01-6000-03
6	Nut, Hex, 1/4"-20	4	04-6400-03	04-6400-03	04-6400-03	04-6400-03
7	Pro-Flo® Solenoid Spacer	1	01-2160-XX	01-2160-XX	01-2160-XX	01-2160-XX
8	24 Volt DC Coil	1	00-2110-99-150	00-2110-99-150	00-2110-99-150	00-2110-99-150
9	Terminal Connector	1	00-2130-99	00-2130-99	00-2130-99	00-2130-99
10	Center Section Assembly	1	01-3140-20	01-3140-20	01-3140-20	01-3140-20
11	Bushing, Reducer	1	01-6950-20	01-6950-20	01-6950-20	01-6950-20
12	Pilot Sleeve Plug Assy	1	01-2285-99	01-2285-99	01-2285-99	01-2285-99
13	Glyd™ Ring II	2	01-3220-55	01-3220-55	01-3220-55	01-3220-55
14	Retaining Ring	2	00-2650-03	00-2650-03	00-2650-03	00-2650-03
15	Muffler Plate	1	01-3181-20	01-3181-20	01-3181-20	01-3181-20
16	Gasket, Muffler Plate	1	01-3505-52	01-3505-52	01-3505-52	01-3505-52
17	Muffler	1	02-3510-99	02-3510-99	02-3510-99	02-3510-99
18	Shaft, PRO-Flo®	1	01-3810-03	01-3810-03	01-3810-03	01-3810-03
19	Disc Spring	2	01-6802-08	01-6802-08	01-6802-08	01-6802-08
20	Inner Piston	2	01-3711-08	01-3711-08	01-3711-08	01-3711-08
21	Outer Piston	2	01-4570-01	01-4570-03	01-4570-04	01-4570-03
22	Liquid Chamber	2	01-5000-01	01-5000-03	01-5000-04	01-5000-03
23	Manifold Tee Section	2	01-5160-01	01-5160-03	01-5160-04	01-5160-03
24	Inlet Manifold Elbow	2	01-5220-01	01-5220-03	01-5220-04	01-5220-03
25	Discharge Manifold Elbow	2	01-5230-01	01-5230-03	01-5230-04	01-5230-03
26	Screw, SHCS (Chamber Bolt)	4	01-6080-03	01-6080-03	01-6080-03	01-6080-03
27	Vertical Bolt Washer	4	01-6730-03	01-6730-03	01-6730-03	01-6730-03
28	Vertical Bolt Nut	4	04-6400-03	04-6400-03	04-6400-03	04-6650-03-70
29	Diaphragm	2	01-1010-55	01-1010-55	01-1010-55	01-1010-55
30	Back-up Diaphragm	2	01-1060-56	01-1060-56	01-1060-56	01-1060-56
31	Valve Ball	4	01-1080-55	01-1080-55	01-1080-55	01-1080-55
32	Valve Seat	4	01-1120-01	01-1120-03	01-1120-04	01-1120-03
33	Valve Seat O-Ring	4	01-1200-55	01-1200-55	01-1200-55	01-1200-55
34	Manifold O-Ring	4	01-1300-55	01-1300-55	01-1300-55	01-1300-55
35	Small Clamp Band Assy.	8	01-7100-03	01-7100-03	01-7100-03	01-7100-03
36	Small Clamp Band Bolt	8	01-6101-03	01-6101-03	01-6101-03	01-6101-03
37	Small Clamp Band Nut	8	01-6400-03	01-6400-03	01-6400-03	01-6400-03
38	Large Clamp Band Assy.	4	01-7300-03	01-7300-03	01-7300-03	01-7300-03
39	Large Clamp Band Bolt	4	01-6070-03	01-6070-03	01-6070-03	01-6070-03
40	Large Clamp Band Nut	4	04-6400-03	04-6400-03	04-6400-03	04-6650-03-70
41	Adapter Block	1	00-2155-XX	00-2155-XX	00-2155-XX	00-2155-XX
42	Adapter Block Bolts	4	01-6001-03	01-6001-03	01-6001-03	01-6001-03
43	Adapter Block Air Fittings	2	00-2170-20	00-2170-20	00-2170-20	00-2170-20

 $<sup>^{\</sup>mbox{\tiny 1}}\mbox{Air}$  valve assembly includes items 1, 2 and 3.

NOTE: For pumps fitted with wing nuts and tri-clamp connections please contact factory for exploded view drawing and part numbers.

All boldface items are primary wear parts.

## **SPACER & ADAPTER BLOCK OPTIONS**

Material	Spacer	Adapter
Acetal	01-2160-13	01-2155-13
Polypropylene	01-2160-20	01-2155-20

### **COIL OPTIONS**

Pump Models Designating Specialty Code #		Part Number Description
915	00-2110-99-150	24V DC Coil
916	00-2110-99-151	24V AC Coil
914	00-2110-99-153	24V AC, NEMA 7 Coil
917	00-2110-99-154	24V DC, NEMA 7 Coil
918	00-2110-99-155	110V AC Coil
919	00-2110-99-156	110V AC NEMA 7 Coil

<sup>\*\*</sup>International 24V DC Coil is explosion proof per PTB File #EX-91.C.2027

## **SECTION 10A**

## **ELECTRICAL INFORMATION**

## NEMA 4 / UL / CSA

Voltage ±10%			Current (A)					
		Α	C			Α	C	
	DC			Power (W)	DC			Resistivity
Part Number		60 Hz	50 Hz	±10%		Inrush	Holding	<b>(</b> Ω <b>)</b>
00-2110-99-150	24	48	44	4.8	.20	.20	.20	121
00-2110-99-151	12	24	22	4.8	.40	.40	.40	32
00-2110-99-155	60	120	110	4.8	.08	.08	.06	840

## NEMA 7 / UL / CSA

Voltage ±10%				Current (A)				
		Α	C			Α	С	
	DC			Power (W)	DC			Resistivity
Part Number		60 Hz	50 Hz	±10%		Inrush	Holding	(Ω)
00-2110-99-153	12	24	22	7	.60	.55	.32	19
00-2110-99-154	24	48	44	7	.30	.30	.18	75
00-2110-99-156	60	120	110	7	.12	.13	.06	475

## INTERNATIONAL EXPLOSION PROOF / CENELEC / PTB FILE # EX-91.C.2027

			Current (A)		
	DC Voltage ±10%	Power (W)			Resistivity
Part Number		±10%	Inrush	Holding	<b>(</b> Ω <b>)</b>
00-2110-99-157	24	3.3	.135	.135	177

## **SECTION 9B**

## **MATERIAL CODE DESIGNATIONS**

Material Code	Material Description	Material Code	Material Description
01	Aluminum	51	Neoprene
02	Cast Iron	52	Buna-N / Nitrile
03	Stainless Steel	53	Viton® / FKM
04	Alloy C	54	Nordel® / EPDM
05	PTFE coated	55	PTFE
06	Electroless, nickel plated	56	Saniflex™ / Hytrel
07	Brass	57	FDA Wil-Flex™
08	Alloy Steel	58	Wil-Flex <sup>™</sup>
09	Mild steel, chrome plated	59	PTFE encapsulated silicone
10	Stainless steel, polished	60	PTFE encapsulated Viton®
11	Aluminum, anodized	61	Buna-N high temp.
12	Cardboard	62	Polyurethane - ether
13	Acetal	63	50/50 Wil-Flex™
14	Plexiglass <sup>®</sup>	64	PTFE/Neoprene laminate
16	Acetal, carbon filled	65	Isoplast®
17	Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC)	66	Delrin® AF
20	Polypropylene	67	R.T.P.
21	Kynar®/PVDF	68	FDA Viton®
22	PTFE/PFA	69	FDA Buna-N
23	Nylon	70	Isoplast®, SS filled
24	Phenolic	71	Verton <sup>®</sup>
26	Polyethylene	72	PTFE/EPDM laminate
28	Nylon, graphite filled	73	HALAR® coated aluminum
29	Nylon, clear	74	FDA EPDM
30	Cellulose fiber	75	Polyetheretherketone (PEEK), carbon filled
31	Armstrong N8090	76	Polyetherimide (PEI)
32	UHMW Polyethylene	77	Polyphenylene sulfide (PPS), glass filled
33	Chemraz <sup>®</sup>	78	Vinyl ester, glass filled
34	Fluoro-Seal™	79	G-10 fiberglass
37	Turcite®	81	EPDM/PTFE laminate
48	Expanded PTFE	82	Viton/PTFE laminate
49	Polyurethane	99	Multiple materials/Assemblies
50	Polyurethane - ester		






### WARRANTY

Each and every product manufactured by Wilden Pump and Engineering, LLC is built to meet the highest standards of quality. Every pump is functionally tested to insure integrity of operation.

Wilden Pump and Engineering, LLC warrants that pumps, accessories and parts manufactured or supplied by it to be free from defects in material and workmanship for a period of five (5) years from date of installation or six (6) years from date of manufacture, whichever comes first. Failure due to normal wear, misapplication, or abuse is, of course, excluded from this warranty.

Since the use of Wilden pumps and parts is beyond our control, we cannot guarantee the suitability of any pump or part for a particular application and Wilden Pump and Engineering, LLC shall not be liable for any consequential damage or expense arising from the use or misuse of its products on any application. Responsibility is limited solely to replacement or repair of defective Wilden pumps and parts.

All decisions as to the cause of failure are the sole determination of Wilden Pump and Engineering, LLC.

Prior approval must be obtained from Wilden for return of any items for warranty consideration and must be accompanied by the appropriate MSDS for the product(s) involved. A Return Goods Tag, obtained from an authorized Wilden distributor, must be included with the items which must be shipped freight prepaid.

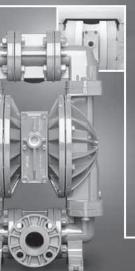
The foregoing warranty is exclusive and in lieu of all other warranties expressed or implied (whether written or oral) including all implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for any particular purpose. No distributor or other person is authorized to assume any liability or obligation for Wilden Pump and Engineering, LLC other than expressly provided herein.

#### PLEASE PRINT OR TYPE AND FAX TO WILDEN

PUMP INFORMATION				
Item#	Serial #			
Company Where Purchased				
YOUR INFORMATION				
Company Name				
Industry				
Name		Title		
Street Address				
City	State	Postal Code	Country	
Telephone Fax	E-mail		Web Address	
Number of pumps in facility? Number of Wilden pumps?				
Types of pumps in facility (check all that apply): Diaphragm	n Centrifu	ugal 🗌 Gear	Submersible Lobe	
Other				
Media being pumped?				
How did you hear of Wilden Pump?	Trade Show	w Interr	net/E-mail Distributor	
Other				

ONCE COMPLETE, FAX TO (909) 783-3440

NOTE: WARRANTY VOID IF PAGE IS NOT FAXED TO WILDEN



## S E R I E S

#### **Advance Your Process**

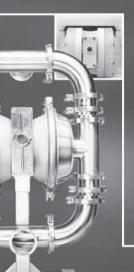
Advanced wetted path designs
Lower the cost of operation
Maximize product containment
Longer MTBF (Mean Time Between Failures)
Enhanced internal clearance
The result of advanced thought



#### **Enrich Your Process**

Simplicity of design
Unique Technology
Reliable, leak-free & quiet
Validated & certified
Intrinsically safe
The result of unique thought





## SANIFLO

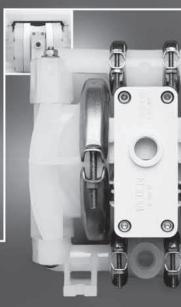
#### **Refine Your Process**

Designed for sanitary applications
Minimize product degradation
Improved production yields
Easy to inspect, clean & assemble
Minimized water requirements
The result of progressive thought



#### **Optimize Your Process**

Validated & certified
Clean room assembled
Low particle count
Compact, efficient & quiet
Runs on clean-dry air
The result of pure thought





## ORI**CIN**AL

#### Simplify Your Process

Long standing design simplicity
Portable & submersible
Variable connection options
Fewest parts in industry
Solutions since 1955
The result of original thought

## ACCESSORIES

#### **Maximize Your Process**

Electronic control & monitoring
Level control & containment
Pulsation dampening
Drum unloading systems
Complete system solutions
The result of innovative thought



Your Local Authorized Distributor:

# A DOVER) COMPANY

